

Fire

Action to take in case of fire

When fire alarm rings

1

Make an emergency call.



- If the fire alarm rings when you are asleep, shout to wake everyone up instead of trying to check if a fire has broken out. Gather everyone and evacuate outside according to the countermeasure.

2

Decide an evacuation method.



- Touch the handle of the door using the back of the hand to determine and if the handle is warm or hot, it means that there is fire on the other side of the door so do not open the door.
- Check the direction of the incoming smoke and touch the handle of the door to determine if you should escape through the stairs or to request for help through the window.

3

Evacuate promptly.



- During evacuation, never use the elevator and evacuate safely to the ground through the stairs.
- In case it is difficult to evacuate, request for help through the window or evacuate by using evacuation space or lightweight partition.

4

Call 119.



- After evacuating safely, call 119.
- If you have your mobile phone and you can report, do it quickly and ensure that you don't miss the evacuation time because you are reporting.

5

After evacuation, check the number of people.



- After evacuating to a safe place such as a playground that has been designed in advance, check the number of people.
- If someone around you is missing, inform the firefighter who has been dispatched.



Fire

Action to take in case of fire

When you discover a fire

1 When you discover smoke or when you see fire

- If you discover a fire, shout **"Fire!"** or press the **emergency bell** to inform.

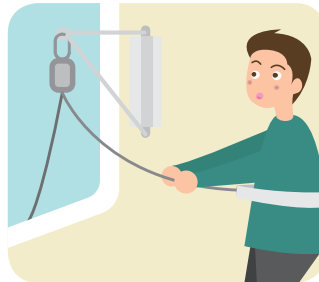


2 Determine whether to put the fire out or to evacuate

- If it is a small fire and the flame does not reach the ceiling, put it out quickly by using a fire extinguisher or water pail and others.
- In case you have to evacuate because the fire grows, evacuate outside through the stairs by using a wet towel or blanket.
- In case it is difficult to evacuate out of the house, use lightweight partition to evacuate to the house next door or utilize methods such as using the descending life line to go out of the window, evacuating to an indoor evacuation space then coming out once the fire is extinguished and others.



Use the emergency exit



Use the descending life line



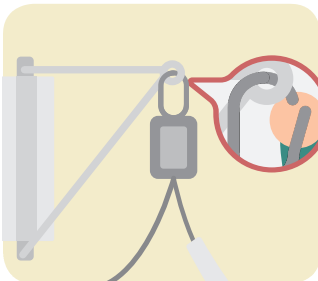
Use lightweight partition



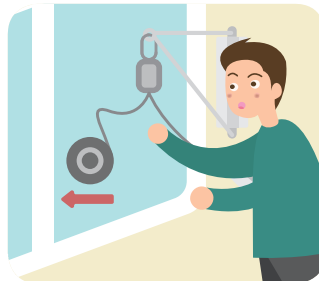
Evacuation space
Use indoor evacuation space

※ Apartments approved and constructed before October 1992 are not equipped with evacuation facilities and devices so caution is required. For safety, installation is recommended.

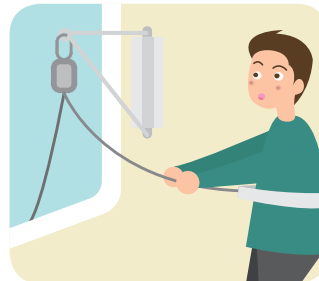
• Let's take note! How to use the descending life line



① Hook the descending life line to the supporting mount's ring and lock.



② Push the supporting mount out of the window and throw the reel (line).



③ Wrap the descending life line's belt to the height of the chest and tighten.



④ Hold onto the wall and descend safely.

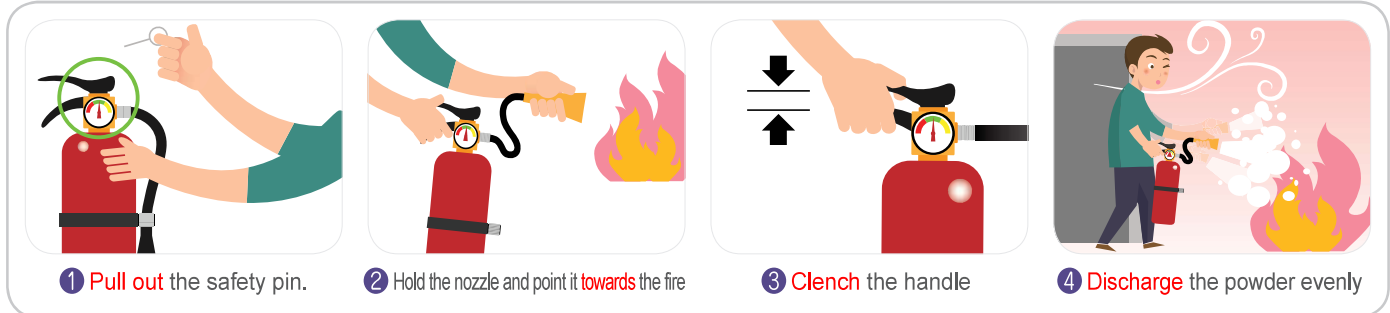
Check the components inside the descending life line box first.

1. Hook the descending life line to the supporting mount's ring and lock.
2. Push the supporting mount out of the window and throw the reel (line).
3. Wrap the descending life line's belt to the height of the chest and tighten.
4. Hold onto the wall and descend safely.

Fire

Fire extinguishing

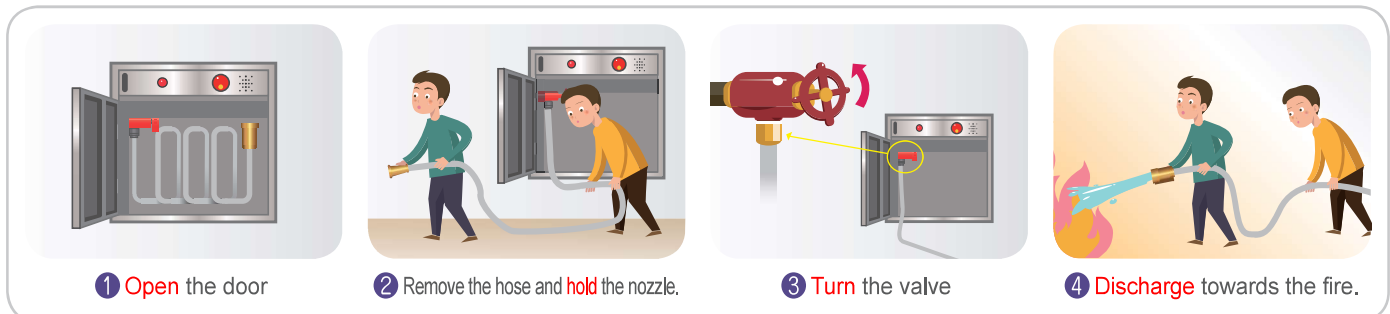
• How to use the fire extinguisher



When using it indoors, stand with your back to the door in case you have to evacuate out

1. Bring the fire extinguisher, hold the main unit firmly and pull out the fire pin.
2. Hold the nozzle and move close towards the fire.
3. Hold the handle firmly.
4. Discharge so that the powder can evenly cover the fire.

• How to use the fire extinguisher



In case of using in a team of 2

1. 1 person opens the door of the fire hydrant box first and checks if the hose and nozzle are connected
2. Remove the hose out and drag it to the fire so that it does not get tangled then hold the nozzle and take position.
3. The other person turns the valve to check if water is being discharged then runs and helps with holding the hose.
4. Extinguish the fire by turning the end of the nozzle to adjust the amount of water.

• When the clothes is caught on fire



Prevent burns on fire and ensure smoke is not inhaled into the lungs

1. When the clothes catches fire, stop what you were doing
2. Wrap the face (eyes, nose, mouth) with both hands to prevent burns.
3. Lie face down on the floor
4. Then roll so put out the fire.

Forest Fire



Report the fire to 119.



When the forest fire is small, initially **put it out** by beating or covering it with coats, branches, etc.



If the forest fire is getting bigger, **promptly get away from the fire and keep going to windward to a safe place.**



When you cannot afford to evacuate, **lie low in a place** without fallen leaves or branches, **with your face covered, until the flames pass.**

· Prevention Fire Watch Period (Spring: Feb. 1-May 15, Fall: Nov. 1-Dec. 15)



Before mountain climbing, visit the Korea Forest Service website to **check unrestricted and accessible trails.**



It is not allowed to **carry any flammable objects** such as matches, lighters, etc. in mountains and to smoke.



Cooking and camping are not allowed in mountains.

※ Allowed only in designated camping sites and shelters

What Actions to Take During an Earthquake **By Situation**

Please be well-informed on what to do in the event of an earthquake before it occurs, for it is hard to make a good judgment during an earthquake.

What to do during the shaking?



Right away, try to get under a desk or table to protect your head and torso, and hold on to it.

What to do when the shaking stops?



Immediately shut off the electricity mains switch when the shaking stops, and open the door to seek an exit route.

What to do during the shaking?



Proceed down the stairs and leave the building quickly
(Do not use an elevator during an earthquake)

※ If you are in an elevator during an earthquake, hit the button for every floor and get out as soon as you can.

What must I do after I get out of the building?



Protect your head with your hands or a bag and stay clear of buildings while you make your escape.

What to do during the shaking?



Move to an open space such as a park or the ground, while watching out for any falling objects
(Do not use a vehicle)

What to do after I arrive at a safe place?



Follow instructions from the radio or emergency officials.

What Actions to Take During an Earthquake **By Places**

Please be well-informed on what to do in the event of an earthquake before it occurs, for it is hard to make a good judgment during an earthquake.

If you are indoors



Right away, try to get under a desk or table to protect your head and torso. Shut off the electricity mains switch when the shaking stops, open the door to secure an exit route, and get into the open.

If you are outside



Protect your head with your hands or a bag from anything that could fall on you. Stay clear of buildings and get into an open space such as a park or playground.

If you are in an elevator



Hit the button for every floor, and get out as soon as you can, by proceeding down the stairs.

※ Do not use an elevator during an earthquake.

If you are in school



Get under a desk and hold onto it. Evacuate to the ground level outside in an orderly manner when the shaking stops.

If you are in a store



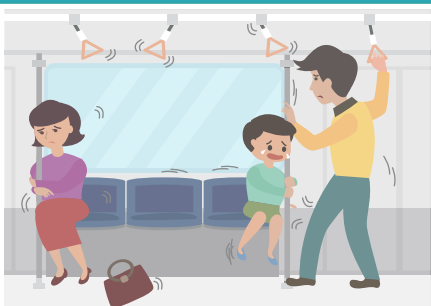
Protect your head and torso from objects that could fall on you and crouch against the stairs or an interior wall. Proceed quickly to an open area when the shaking stops.

If you are in a theater or stadium



Protect your head and torso with your bag or other belongings until the shaking stops and evacuate in a calm manner by following instructions from officials.

If you are in a subway



Hold on to straps or railings in order not to fall down. Follow instructions from officials after the train stops.

If you are driving



Slowly pull over to a safe place, flashing your hazard lights, listen to your car radio for instructions, and move to a safe place while leaving the key in the car.

If you are in a mountainous or sea area



Be aware of the potential for landslides or collapsing cliffs and move to a safe place. Get to high ground if a tsunami warning is issued.